BRIEF INFORMATION NEW CONTRIBUTION ON LEARNING, JUSTIFICATION, THEORETICAL POINT OF SCIENCE AND REALITY OF THE THESIS

1. Basic information

Name of study: Governmental administration on child rights protection in Viet Nam

Professional: Public management; Code: 62 34 04 03

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2. Brief information on new contribution of the thesis

First, The thesis views the Governmental administration on child rights protection is the way the Government through its legal system, policies and administration organizations to conduct and tackle on the management objects to ensure and protect rights and legitimate interests of children.

Second, the thesis identifies the contents of governmental administration on child rights protection, including: (i) Setting up and implement stratergy, program of child rights protection; (ii) Setting up and implement law on child rights protection; (iii) Setting up and implement child rights protection policies; (iv) Setting up and strengthen the government administration apparatus on child rights protection; (v) Setting up and develop the government administration group to implement the child rights protection works; (vi) Supporting and attracting resources to implement the action target of child rights protection; (vii) Inspecting, checking the child rights protection activities; (viii) Summarizing, evaluating the result of child rights protection activities.

Third, the thesis points out lesson learnt for Viet Nam from studying experiences on governmental administration of child rights protection from some countries in the world, including: (i) Stipulate the responsibility of office, organization, individual in implementing, using actuate measures to ensure child rights; (ii) Clearly identify job position and criteria for person who working on child rights; (iii) Set up and promote a network of child protection services; (iv) governmental administration on child rights protection should connect to community development, is a process where the best interest of children placed firstly for policy making and carring them out at reality.

Fourth, the thesis clearly points out limitations in governmental administration on child rights protection, including: (i) the implementation of law and policies on child rights protection is not yet strict and clear; (ii) awareness and understanding are uneven among authorities from central to grassroot level on importance child rights protection; (iii) the investment resource is low, and not intergrated well with other for the governmental administration on child rights protection works; (iv) the staff and official in child rights protection are not specialized, having limitation in specific knowledges and experiences; (v) the communication, education and social mobilization is not covered all area targeted groups

Fifth, from viewpoint of improving the governmental administration on child rights protection in Viet Nam (Institutionalize the Party and Government's policies on children nad child rights protection; Create equal development opportunities for every child; Respect the principal of no discrimination when dealing with children; International intergration, harmonize priciples and standards of CRC and other relating international treaties). The thesis suggests six solutions for improving governmental administration on child rights protection in Viet Nam including: (i) Setting up and implement united and comprehensive plan, strategy, action program on child rights protection; (ii) Improve and implement strictly law and policies on child rights protection; (iii) Strengthen the staff personnels, improve their capacity of staffs and officials working in child rights protection; (iv) Logically allocating and using financial resources, widen the international cooperation to mobilize supports for child rights protection; (v) Finishing the mechanism of intersectoral collaboration towards specifically assign responsibilities in child rights protection activities; (vi) Regularly inspect, check and tackle strict and clear all violations of child rights.

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